

SUNSHINE COAST JUNIOR RUGBY LEAGUE INC.

IA07465

CONSTITUTION

REGISTERED 21 JANUARY 2025

Incorporated under the
Associations Incorporation Act 1981 (Qld)

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1. Introductory provisions

1.1. Definitions

1.1.1. In this constitution:

- a. **Act** means the *Associations Incorporation Act 1981* as modified and amended from time to time and includes any regulations made under that Act and any exemption or modification to that Act applying to the league;
- b. **affiliation fee** means a fee payable to the league for the receipt of membership rights and privileges;
- c. **benefits** means all forms of compensation paid or provided by the league or on behalf of the league in exchange for services;
- d. **by lot** means making a determination or choice by lottery. For example, conducting a draw at random;
- e. **casual vacancy**, on the executive committee, means a vacancy that occurs when an executive committee member resigns, dies or otherwise stops holding office, or a vacancy that occurs if no candidate is elected to any vacant executive committee position at a general meeting;
- f. **constitution** means rules as defined in the Act;
- g. **day / days** means, where a period is expressed to be a specified number of days, the period is to be calculated by including the day on which the act or event provided for occurs;
- h. **executive committee** means management committee, as defined in the Act;
- i. **ex-officio** means by virtue of their office;
- j. **general meeting** means a meeting of the league's eligible voting members and includes all general meetings (annual general meetings, general meetings and special general meetings);
- k. **imprest system** means the management of funds in an account whereby a fixed balance is maintained by regular replenishments;
- l. **league** means Sunshine Coast Junior Rugby League Inc., the incorporated association to which this constitution applies;
- m. **majority** means more than half of all eligible voting members present, eligible to vote and voting at an executive committee meeting or a general meeting;
- n. **member** means a person who has been duly accepted as such by the executive committee in accordance with this constitution;
- o. **present** means:
 - i at an executive committee meeting, see clause 7.1.4; or
 - ii at a general meeting, see clause 8.4.1.

- p. **quorum** means the minimum number of eligible voting members who must be present at an executive committee meeting or general meeting in order to constitute a valid meeting;
 - q. **relative**, of a person, means a spouse, parent, sibling, child, grandparent or grandchild of the person;
 - r. **remuneration**:
 - i includes salary, allowance and other entitlements; and
 - ii does not include reimbursement of out-of-pocket expenses.
 - s. **senior employee** means a person who:
 - i makes, or participates in making, decisions that affect the whole, or a substantial part of the activities of the league; or
 - ii has the capacity to significantly affect the league's financial standing.
 - t. **signed** means agreed in writing;
 - u. **special resolution** means a resolution that is passed at a general meeting by the votes of at least 75% of the members who are present, eligible to vote and voting;
 - v. **surplus assets** means the assets after payment of the debts and liabilities remaining on a winding-up of the league and the costs, charges and expenses of the winding-up;
 - w. **written / in writing** means, unless the contrary intention appears, all forms of visible words, including printed, hard copy or electronic formats.
- 1.1.2. Words importing the singular include the plural where context requires or permits.

1.2. Name

- 1.2.1. The name of the incorporated association is Sunshine Coast Junior Rugby League Inc.

1.3. Associations Incorporation Act 1981

- 1.3.1. In this constitution, unless the context requires otherwise, an expression has, in a provision of this constitution that deals with a matter dealt with by a particular provision of the Act, the same meaning as in that provision of the Act.
- 1.3.2. The provision at section 47(1) of the *Associations Incorporation Act 1981* does not apply, meaning that the model rules created under the Act are expressly displaced by this constitution.

1.4. Interpretation

- 1.4.1. The executive committee has authority to interpret the meaning of this constitution and any matter relating to the league on which the constitution is silent, but any interpretation must have regard to the Act.

2. Objects and powers

2.1. Objects

- 2.1.1. The objects of the league are to:
 - a. foster, encourage, promote, support and manage the sport of rugby league;
 - b. abide by the rules regulating the conduct of rugby league;
 - c. foster a safe, fair and inclusive environment and encourage a sense of community spirit and social interaction amongst members and visitors;
 - d. establish and maintain facilities and amenities for the benefit, social comfort and advancement of the league, its members and visitors;
 - e. affiliate with Queensland Rugby Football League Limited and such other bodies as the league deems fit;
 - f. ensure environmental considerations and the public interest are taken into account in all rugby league and related activities conducted by the league;
 - g. do such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of any or all of these objects.

2.2. Powers

- 2.2.1. The league has the powers of an individual.
- 2.2.2. The league may, for example:
 - a. enter into contracts; and
 - b. acquire, hold, deal with and dispose of property; and
 - c. make charges for services and facilities it supplies; and
 - d. do other things necessary or convenient to be done in carrying out its affairs.
- 2.2.3. The league may issue secured and unsecured notes, debentures and debenture stock for the league.

3. Membership

3.1. Classes of membership

3.1.1. The membership of the league consists of the following classes:

- a. ordinary:
 - i ordinary members must be at least 18 years of age, support the objects of the league and abide by the league's constitution, bylaws and policies;
 - ii ordinary members may include players, parents and legal guardians of junior members and other people;
 - iii ordinary members who are members of affiliate members are eligible for nomination by their affiliate member to be an affiliate delegate to the league;
 - iv ordinary members are not entitled to vote at general meetings of the league unless they are an affiliate delegate to the league and therefore entitled to vote on behalf of their affiliate member;
 - v ordinary members are eligible for election or appointment to the executive committee;
 - vi sub-classes of ordinary membership, with definitions, may be outlined in the league's bylaws.
- b. affiliate member:
 - i any rugby league organisation which is either separately incorporated or operates under the auspice of a school approved by the league, supports the objects of the league and abides by the league's constitution, bylaws and codes of conduct, is eligible to be an affiliate member;
 - ii school based affiliate members are required to provide a letter from the school principal confirming their operation annually;
 - iii each affiliate member is entitled to nominate one affiliate delegate to act as the representative of the affiliate member, who is entitled to vote at general meetings of the league;
 - iv nomination of affiliate delegates must be in the form decided by the executive committee;
 - v affiliate delegates must be at least 18 years of age and members of the league;
 - vi affiliate delegates may not simultaneously serve as a member of the executive committee.

- c. junior:
 - i junior members must be below the age of 18 years, support the objects of the league and abide by the league's constitution, bylaws and policies;
 - ii junior members are not entitled to vote at general meetings of the league;
 - iii junior members are not eligible for election or appointment to the executive committee;
 - iv sub-classes of junior membership, with definitions, may be outlined in the league's bylaws.
- d. life:
 - i life members must be at least 18 years of age, support the objects of the league and abide by the league's constitution, bylaws and policies;
 - ii life membership is open to any person who has rendered extraordinary and meritorious service to the league for an extended period;
 - iii any two members, who are ordinary or life members, may nominate an eligible member for life membership;
 - iv nominations for life membership must be in writing, signed by the members making the recommendation and received by the secretary no less than 14 days prior to the annual general meeting;
 - v on the executive committee's approval of the recommendation, the nominee will be proposed for election as a life member at the next annual general meeting;
 - vi life members must be elected by the passing of a resolution at a general meeting by the votes of at least 75% of the members who are present, eligible to vote and voting;
 - vii life members who are members of affiliate members are eligible for nomination by their affiliate member to be an affiliate delegate to the league;
 - viii life members are not entitled to vote at general meetings of the league unless they are an affiliate delegate to the league and therefore entitled to vote on behalf of their affiliate member;
 - ix life members are eligible for election or appointment to the executive committee.

3.1.2. The number of members in all classes of membership is unlimited.

3.1.3. A right, privilege or obligation which a person has by reason of being a member of the league is not capable of being transferred or transmitted from one person to another person.

3.2. Fees

- 3.2.1. Life members are not required to pay membership fees or affiliation fees to the league.
- 3.2.2. The registration fees and affiliation fees for each class of membership, other than life membership, are:
 - a. the amounts decided by the executive committee; and
 - b. payable when, and in the way, the executive committee decides.
- 3.2.3. The executive committee may waive or discount the registration fees and affiliation fees payable by any member.
- 3.2.4. A member who has any registration fee, affiliation fee or other fee in arrears for a period of two months may have their membership immediately suspended or terminated.
- 3.2.5. A member who has their membership suspended or terminated under clause 3.2.4 continues to be liable to pay any unpaid registration fee or affiliation fee or other fee.

3.3. Application for membership

- 3.3.1. An application for membership must be:
 - a. in writing; and
 - b. in the form decided by the executive committee; and
 - c. accompanied by any other documents or evidence of qualification for membership, as determined by the executive committee from time to time.

3.4. Admission and rejection of new members

- 3.4.1. The executive committee must consider an application for membership at the next executive committee meeting held after it receives:
 - a. the application for membership; and
 - b. the appropriate registration fees and affiliation fees for the application.
- 3.4.2. The executive committee must ensure that, as soon as practicable after the person applies to become a member of the league, and before the executive committee considers the person's application, the person is advised:
 - a. whether or not the league has public liability insurance; and
 - b. if the league has public liability insurance, the amount of the insurance.
- 3.4.3. The executive committee must decide at the meeting whether to accept or reject the application.

- 3.4.4. If a majority of the executive committee members present, eligible to vote and voting at the meeting vote to accept the applicant as a member, the applicant must be accepted as a member in the class of membership applied for.
- 3.4.5. If the executive committee decides to reject an application, the secretary must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant notice of the decision in a manner determined by the executive committee, provide clear reasoning for the rejection and refund any registration or affiliation fees paid by the person.
- 3.4.6. An applicant whose application for membership has been rejected has no right of appeal against their rejection under this clause.

3.5. Membership renewal and re-joining

- 3.5.1. Existing members, other than life members, will be invited to renew their annual membership each year, in accordance with the timeframes and procedures set down by the executive committee from time to time.
- 3.5.2. A member who has resigned from the league or otherwise forfeited their membership and later desires to re-join may be subject to the same process of admission to membership as any new member who has not previously been a member of the league.
- 3.5.3. If the executive committee decides to reject a member's application to renew their membership, the secretary must, as soon as practicable, give the applicant notice of the decision in a manner determined by the executive committee.
- 3.5.4. An existing member whose application for membership renewal has been rejected has the right of appeal against the rejection in accordance with clause 4.3.

3.6. League registers

- 3.6.1. The executive committee must keep a register of members of the league.
- 3.6.2. The register must include the following particulars for each member:
 - a. the full name of the member;
 - b. the postal or residential address of the member;
 - c. contact details of the member;
 - d. the date of admission as a member;
 - e. the date of death or time of resignation of the member;
 - f. details about the termination or reinstatement of membership;
 - g. any other particulars the executive committee or the members at a general meeting decide.

- 3.6.3. The register of members is open for inspection only by the secretary, the executive committee and any other person approved by the executive committee.
- 3.6.4. If the league holds a liquor licence and/or gaming licence, the secretary must ensure that suitable registers of visitors, guests and any clubs or associations with formal reciprocal rights are kept, in accordance with relevant liquor and gaming legislation.

3.7. Prohibition on use of information on register of members

- 3.7.1. A member of the league must not:
 - a. use information obtained from the register of members of the league to contact, or send material to, another member of the league for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes; or
 - b. disclose information obtained from the register to someone else, knowing that the information is likely to be used to contact, or send material to, another member of the league for the purpose of advertising for political, religious, charitable or commercial purposes.

4. Resignation, discipline, appeals and grievances

4.1. Resignation of a member

- 4.1.1. A member may resign from the league by giving a written notice of resignation to the secretary.
- 4.1.2. The resignation takes effect at:
 - a. the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
 - b. if a later time is stated in the notice, the later time.

4.2. Discipline

- 4.2.1. The executive committee may take action to suspend or terminate a member's membership if it is determined that the member has:
 - a. been convicted of an indictable offence; or
 - b. breached, failed, refused or neglected to comply with a provision of this constitution, the league's bylaws or any resolution or determination of the executive committee or any duly authorised subcommittee; or
 - c. acted in a manner injurious or prejudicial to the character and interests of the league; or
 - d. brought themselves, the league, any other member or the sport into disrepute; or
 - e. has registration or affiliation fees in arrears for at least two months under clause 3.2.4.

- 4.2.2. If the executive committee proposes to suspend or terminate a member's membership, the secretary must, within seven days after the decision, give the member written notice:
- a. setting out the proposed suspension or termination of membership by the executive committee and the grounds on which it is based;
 - b. stating that the member may address the executive committee at a meeting to be held not earlier than seven days and not later than 28 days after the service of the notice;
 - c. stating that the member may bring a support person to that meeting;
 - d. stating the date, time and place of that meeting;
 - e. informing the member that the member may do either or both of the following:
 - i attend and speak at that meeting;
 - ii submit to the executive committee at or before the date of that meeting written representations relating to the decision.
 - f. setting out the member's appeal rights.
- 4.2.3. Before the executive committee terminates or suspends a member's membership, the executive committee must:
- a. give the member a full and fair opportunity to make verbal representations at a meeting as mentioned in clause 4.2.2.b;
 - b. give due consideration to any written representations submitted to the executive committee by the member at or before the meeting mentioned in clause 4.2.2.b.
- 4.2.4. If, after considering all representations made by the member, the executive committee decides by resolution to suspend or terminate the membership, the secretary must, within seven days of the meeting mentioned in clause 4.2.2.b, give the member a written notice of the decision.
- 4.2.5. Nothing in this constitution shall prevent the executive committee from immediately suspending a member's right to participate in league activities in circumstances considered by the executive committee to warrant such immediate action, pending the process outlined in clauses 4.2.2 - 4.2.4.

4.3. Appeal against rejection, suspension or termination of membership

- 4.3.1. A member whose membership has been suspended or terminated, or whose application to renew their membership has been rejected, may give the secretary written notice of their intention to appeal against the decision.
- 4.3.2. A notice of intention to appeal must be received by the secretary within seven days after the person receives written notice of the decision.

- 4.3.3. Within seven days of the secretary receiving a notice of intention to appeal, the executive committee shall appoint an appeals panel comprising three people, other than executive committee members, which may include an individual who would act as chairperson of the appeals panel.

4.4. Appeals panel to decide appeal

- 4.4.1. The appeals panel must hold the appeal meeting within 28 days of the secretary receiving the notice of intention to appeal.
- 4.4.2. At the appeal meeting, the appellant must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the membership should not be suspended or terminated, or why their application to renew their membership should not be rejected.
- 4.4.3. Also, the executive committee must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the membership should be suspended or terminated, or why the application to renew membership should be rejected.
- 4.4.4. An appeal must be decided by a majority vote of the appeals panel.
- 4.4.5. Where a decision of the executive committee to suspend or terminate a member's membership is set aside by the appeals panel, the membership shall be reinstated to the member's former level of membership without payment of any additional fee.
- 4.4.6. Where a decision of the executive committee to reject a person's application to renew their membership is set aside by the appeals panel, the membership renewal shall be granted subject to the payment of any fees due.

4.5. Grievance procedure

- 4.5.1. This grievance procedure applies to disputes between:
 - a. a member and another member;
 - b. a member and the executive committee;
 - c. a member and the league.
- 4.5.2. The grievance procedure cannot be used by a person whose membership has been terminated.
- 4.5.3. A member (the aggrieved party) initiates the grievance procedure in relation to the dispute by giving a notice in writing of the dispute:
 - a. to the other party; and
 - b. if the other party is not the executive committee, to the executive committee.

- 4.5.4. If two or more members initiate a grievance procedure in relation to the same subject matter, the executive committee may deal with the disputes in a single process and the initiating members must choose one person (also the aggrieved party) to represent them in the grievance procedure.
- 4.5.5. Subject to clause 4.6, the parties to the dispute must, in good faith, attempt to resolve the dispute.
- 4.5.6. If the parties to the dispute cannot resolve the dispute within 14 days after the aggrieved party initiates the grievance procedure, the aggrieved party may, within a further 21 days, ask the league's secretary to refer the dispute to mediation.
- 4.5.7. Subject to clause 4.6, if the aggrieved party asks the league's secretary to refer the dispute to mediation under clause 4.5.6, the executive committee must refer the dispute within 14 days after the request.

4.6. Grievance procedure not continued in particular circumstances

- 4.6.1. This section applies if:
 - a. a member initiates a grievance procedure in relation to a dispute and the league or league's executive committee is the other party to the dispute; or
 - b. the aggrieved party asks the league's secretary to refer the dispute to mediation under clause 4.5.6.
- 4.6.2. The executive committee does not have to act under clause 4.5.5 or 4.5.7 if:
 - a. the aggrieved party has, within 21 days before initiating the grievance procedure, behaved in a way that would give the executive committee grounds for taking disciplinary action under this constitution against the aggrieved party in relation to the matter that is the subject of the grievance procedure; or
 - b. before the grievance procedure was initiated, a process had started to take action under this constitution against the aggrieved party or terminate the aggrieved party's membership, as provided for under this constitution, and the dispute relates to that process or to a matter relevant to that process; or
 - c. the dispute relates to an obligation under the *Liquor Act 1992* or any other State law to prevent the entry of the aggrieved party to, or to remove the aggrieved party from, premises used by the league, or to refuse to serve liquor to the aggrieved party at the premises; or
 - d. the dispute could reasonably be considered frivolous, vexatious, misconceived, or lacking in substance or the dispute relates to a matter that has already been subject of the grievance procedure.

4.7. Appointment of mediator

- 4.7.1. If a dispute under clause 4.5 is referred to mediation:
 - a. the parties to the dispute must choose a mediator to conduct the mediation; or
 - b. if the parties are unable to agree on the appointment of a mediator within 14 days after the dispute is referred to mediation, the mediator must be:
 - i. for a dispute between a member and another member, a person appointed by the executive committee; or
 - ii. for a dispute between a member and the executive committee or the league, an accredited mediator or a mediator appointed by the director of a dispute resolution centre.
- 4.7.2. A mediator may be a member or former member of the league or another person but in any case, must not be a person who:
 - a. has a personal interest in the dispute; or
 - b. is biased against, or in favour of, any party.
- 4.7.3. An accredited mediator may refuse to be the mediator, or the director of a dispute resolution centre may refuse to appoint a mediator, to mediate the dispute.
- 4.7.4. If clause 4.7.2 applies, the parties may seek to resolve the dispute in accordance with the Act or otherwise at law.

4.8. Conduct of mediation

- 4.8.1. If a mediator is appointed under clause 4.7, the mediator must start the mediation as soon as possible after the appointment and try to finish the mediation within 28 days after the appointment.
- 4.8.2. Clause 4.8.1 does not apply if the mediator is the director of a dispute resolution centre.
- 4.8.3. The mediator:
 - a. must give each party to the dispute an opportunity to be heard on the matter the subject of the dispute; and
 - b. must comply with natural justice; and
 - c. must not act as an adjudicator or arbitrator; and
 - d. during the mediation, may see the parties, with or without their representatives, together or separately.
- 4.8.4. The parties to the dispute must act reasonably and genuinely in the mediation and help the mediator to start and finish the mediation within the time required under clause 4.8.1.
- 4.8.5. The costs of the mediation, if any, are to be shared equally between the parties unless otherwise agreed.

- 4.8.6. If the mediator cannot resolve the dispute, the parties may seek to resolve the dispute in accordance with the Act or otherwise at law.

4.9. Representation for grievance procedure

- 4.9.1. A party to a dispute may appoint any person to act on behalf of the party in the grievance procedure.
- 4.9.2. If a party appoints a person under clause 4.9.1 to be the party's representative, the party must give written notice of the appointment to each of the following entities:
- a. the other party to the dispute;
 - b. the executive committee;
 - c. if a mediator has been appointed before the party appoints the representative, the mediator.
- 4.9.3. A representative who acts for a party at a mediation must:
- a. have sufficient knowledge of the matter that is the subject of the dispute to be able to represent the party effectively; and
 - b. be authorised to negotiate an agreement for the party.

4.10. Electronic communication for grievance procedure

- 4.10.1. Any meeting or mediation session required under the grievance procedure may be conducted by electronic means if the parties to the dispute and, for a mediation, the mediator agrees.

5. The executive committee, subcommittees and delegation

5.1. Membership of executive committee

- 5.1.1. The executive committee of the league must have at least three members, including:
- a. president;
 - b. treasurer; and
 - c. up to 7 other members elected at a general meeting.
- 5.1.2. The executive committee shall determine annually the number of other members to be elected at a general meeting.
- 5.1.3. An executive committee member must be a member of the league.

5.2. Terms of office

- 5.2.1. Subject to clause 5.2.2, the term of office for executive committee members is one year.
- 5.2.2. At each annual general meeting of the league, executive committee members must retire from office, but are eligible, on nomination, for re-election.

- 5.2.3. There is no maximum number of consecutive terms for which an executive committee member may hold office.

5.3. Functions and duties of executive committee

- 5.3.1. The executive committee must take all reasonable steps to ensure that the league complies with its obligations under the Act and this constitution.
- 5.3.2. Subject to this constitution, the executive committee has the general control and management of the administration of the affairs, property and funds of the league.
- 5.3.3. The executive committee may exercise all the powers of the league except any powers that the Act or this constitution requires the league to exercise at a general meeting.
- 5.3.4. The executive committee has the power to enforce the observance of all clauses in this constitution and any bylaws made by the executive committee.
- 5.3.5. An executive committee member must exercise their powers and discharge their duties in good faith, in the best interests of the league for proper purpose and with a degree of care and diligence that a reasonable person would exercise in the circumstances.
- 5.3.6. An executive committee member must not improperly use their position, or information obtained as an executive committee member, to:
- a. gain a benefit or material advantage; or
 - b. cause detriment to the league.
- 5.3.7. Executive committee members have a duty to prevent insolvent trading.

5.4. Delegation

- 5.4.1. The executive committee may delegate any of its powers and authorities, duties and functions to any person or to any subcommittee except:
- a. the power to delegate; or
 - b. a function that is a duty imposed on the executive committee by the Act or by any other law.
- 5.4.2. Despite any delegation under this clause, the executive committee may continue to exercise all its functions, including any function that has been delegated and remains accountable for the exercise of those functions at all times.

5.5. Appointment of subcommittees

- 5.5.1. The executive committee may create and dissolve any subcommittees considered appropriate by the executive committee to help with the conduct of the league's operations.

- 5.5.2. Subcommittees shall have such membership, powers and duties as the executive committee shall confer on them, or which the executive committee shall delegate to them.
- 5.5.3. A subcommittee may meet and adjourn as it considers appropriate, or as requested by the executive committee.
- 5.5.4. A member of a subcommittee who is not an executive committee member is not entitled to vote at an executive committee meeting.
- 5.5.5. Subject to the executive committee's absolute control and supervision, each subcommittee of the league may manage its own affairs but must make regular reports to the executive committee, or otherwise as the executive committee may require from time to time.
- 5.5.6. Each subcommittee must promptly and regularly produce its meeting minutes and records for inspection by or on behalf of the executive committee
- 5.5.7. A subcommittee of the league must in the exercise of those powers delegated to it, conform to any regulation or restriction that the executive committee may impose upon it from time to time.
- 5.5.8. The president may by virtue of their office be an ex-officio member of any subcommittee.

5.6. Acts not affected by defects or disqualifications

- 5.6.1. An act or omission performed by the executive committee, a subcommittee or a person acting under the direction of the executive committee is taken to have been validly performed.
- 5.6.2. Clause 5.6.1 applies even if the act or omission was performed when:
 - a. there was a defect, informality or irregularity in the appointment of an executive committee member, subcommittee member or person acting under the direction of the executive committee; or
 - b. there was an irregularity in the convening or conduct of any executive committee meeting, subcommittee meeting or general meeting that was not discovered until after the conclusion of that meeting; or
 - c. an executive committee member, subcommittee member or person acting under the direction of the executive committee was disqualified from being a member.

6. Election, appointment and vacancies on executive committee

6.1. Electing the executive committee

- 6.1.1. An executive committee member may only be elected as follows:
 - a. the secretary calls for nominations for executive committee positions with sufficient notice before the general meeting at which the election is to be held;

- b. any two members of the league, who are eligible to vote at general meetings, may nominate another eligible member (the ***candidate***) to serve as an executive committee member;
- c. nominations must be:
 - i in writing; and
 - ii signed by the candidate and the members who nominated them; and
 - iii received by the secretary at least 14 days before the general meeting at which the election is to be held.
- d. a list of the candidates' names in alphabetical order, with the names of the members who nominated each candidate, must be open for inspection by members of the league for at least seven days immediately preceding the general meeting;
- e. if required by the executive committee, balloting lists must be prepared containing the names of the candidates in order determined by lot;
- f. each affiliate delegate present and entitled to vote at the general meeting may vote for one candidate for each vacant position on the executive committee. Any equality in voting is decided as follows:
 - i if there are two candidates for a vacant executive committee position and both candidates receive an equal number of votes, voting is determined by lot;
 - ii if there are three or more candidates for a vacant executive committee position and two or more candidates receive an equal highest number of votes, a second vote is conducted between only those candidates who received the equal highest number of votes. In the event that following the second vote, two or more candidates receive an equal highest number of votes, voting is determined by lot.
- g. if there is only one candidate for a vacant executive committee position, the candidate is declared elected if approved by a majority of affiliate delegates present, eligible to vote and voting. If the candidate is not approved, nominations for the position may be taken from the floor of the meeting and an election may be held in accordance with clause 6.1.1.f;
- h. if, at the start of the general meeting, there are no candidates nominated for any vacant executive committee position, nominations for that position may be taken from the floor of the meeting and an election may be held in accordance with clause 6.1.1.f;
- i. if no candidate is elected to any vacant executive committee position, a casual vacancy is deemed to have occurred in that position.

- 6.1.2. A person is eligible to be an executive committee member only if the person:
- a. is at least 18 years of age; and
 - b. is eligible to be an executive committee member under the Act and this constitution; and
 - c. holds a current blue card or exemption card obtained under the *Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000* or agrees to obtain one immediately upon being elected or appointed to the executive committee.
- 6.1.3. The executive committee must ensure that, before a candidate becomes an executive committee member, the candidate is advised:
- a. whether or not the league has public liability insurance; and
 - b. if the league has public liability insurance, the amount of the insurance.

6.2. Resignation, removal or vacation of office of executive committee member

- 6.2.1. An executive committee member may resign from the executive committee by giving written notice of resignation to the secretary.
- 6.2.2. The resignation takes effect at:
- a. the time the notice is received by the secretary; or
 - b. if a later time is stated in the notice, the later time.
- 6.2.3. An executive committee member may be removed from office at a general meeting of the league if a majority of the affiliate delegates present, eligible to vote and voting at the meeting vote in favour of removing the member.
- 6.2.4. Before a vote is taken about removing the member from office, the member must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why they should not be removed from office.
- 6.2.5. Also, members present must be given a full and fair opportunity to show why the executive committee member should be removed from office.
- 6.2.6. An executive committee member must vacate office if that person:
- a. dies; or
 - b. becomes disqualified from being an executive committee member under the Act; or
 - c. is determined by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal or the Supreme Court of Queensland to have impaired capacity, as defined by the *Powers of Attorney Act 1998* or the *Guardian and Administration Act 2000*; or
 - d. is convicted of an indictable offence or is made bankrupt; or

- e. fails to disclose the nature of any material personal interest in a matter that relates to the affairs of the league; or
 - f. is absent from three consecutive executive committee meetings without approval of the executive committee; or
 - g. does not agree to undergo a criminal history check or is disqualified as a result of such a check, if the executive committee requests the member to undergo a criminal history check; or
 - h. if the person is required to undergo a *Working with Children (Risk Management and Screening) Act 2000* check and:
 - i is not eligible to undergo the check; or
 - ii does not agree to undergo the check; or
 - iii is disqualified as a result of the check.
- 6.2.7. An executive committee member has no right of appeal against their removal from office under clause 6.2.
- 6.2.8. Any executive committee member who has their membership of the league suspended or terminated may not return to the office vacated by them for the remainder of the term for that position.
- 6.2.9. Clause 6.2.8 does not apply in the case of any decision of the executive committee to suspend or terminate a member's membership, which is subsequently set aside by an appeals panel.

6.3. Vacancies on executive committee

- 6.3.1. If a casual vacancy occurs on the executive committee, the continuing members of the executive committee may appoint another member of the league to fill the vacancy until the next annual general meeting.
- 6.3.2. The continuing members of the executive committee may act despite a casual vacancy on the executive committee, provided that:
 - a. the number of executive committee members is three or more; and
 - b. the positions of president and treasurer are both filled.
- 6.3.3. If the number of executive committee members is less than three, the continuing members of the executive committee may act only to:
 - a. increase the number of executive committee members to at least three; or
 - b. call a general meeting of the league.
- 6.3.4. If a casual vacancy occurs in the position of president or treasurer, the continuing members of the executive committee may act only to:
 - a. appoint another member of the league to fill the casual vacancy; or
 - b. call a general meeting of the league.
- 6.3.5. If a casual vacancy occurs in the position of secretary, the continuing members of the executive committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected within one month after the vacancy happens.

7. Meetings of the executive committee

7.1. Executive committee meetings

- 7.1.1. Subject to this clause, the executive committee may meet and conduct its proceedings, as it considers appropriate, provided that the executive committee must meet at least once every four months to exercise its functions.
- 7.1.2. The executive committee must decide how a meeting is to be called.
- 7.1.3. Notice of a meeting is to be given in the way decided by the executive committee.
- 7.1.4. The executive committee may hold meetings, or permit an executive committee member to take part in its meetings, by using any technology that allows members to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each participating member.
- 7.1.5. An executive committee member who participates in the meeting as mentioned in clause 7.1.4 is taken to be present at the meeting.
- 7.1.6. Each executive committee member present is entitled to one vote only.
- 7.1.7. A question arising at an executive committee meeting is to be decided by a majority vote of executive committee members present, eligible to vote and voting at the meeting and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided so as to maintain the status quo.
- 7.1.8. The president is to preside as chairperson at an executive committee meeting.
- 7.1.9. If there is no president or if the president is not present within 30 minutes after the time fixed for an executive committee meeting, the executive committee members may choose one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

7.2. Special meeting of executive committee

- 7.2.1. If the secretary receives a written request signed by at least 33% of the members of the executive committee, the secretary must call a special meeting of the executive committee by giving each executive committee member notice of the meeting within 14 days after the secretary receives the request.
- 7.2.2. If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call the special meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- 7.2.3. A request for a special meeting must state:
 - a. why the special meeting is called; and
 - b. the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- 7.2.4. A notice of a special meeting must state:
 - a. the day, time and place of the meeting; and

- b. the business to be conducted at the meeting.
- 7.2.5. Only the business listed on the notice of a special meeting of the executive committee may be conducted at a special meeting of the executive committee.
- 7.2.6. A special meeting of the executive committee must be held within 14 days after notice of the meeting is given to the members of the executive committee.

7.3. Minutes of executive committee meetings

- 7.3.1. The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each executive committee meeting are entered in a minute book, which may be in electronic format.
- 7.3.2. To ensure the accuracy of the minutes, the minutes of each executive committee meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next executive committee meeting, verifying their accuracy.
- 7.3.3. Minutes of executive committee meetings are available for inspection only by the secretary, the executive committee and any other person approved by the executive committee.

7.4. Quorum for, and adjournment of, executive committee meeting

- 7.4.1. At an executive committee meeting, more than 50% of the number of members on the executive committee form a quorum.
- 7.4.2. If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a special meeting of the executive committee called upon the request of members under clause 7.2.1, the meeting lapses.
- 7.4.3. If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for an executive committee meeting called other than upon the request of members under clause 7.2.1:
 - a. the meeting is to be adjourned for at least one day; and
 - b. the members of the executive committee who are present are to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
- 7.4.4. If, at an adjourned meeting mentioned in clause 7.4.3, there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for the meeting, the meeting lapses.

7.5. Resolutions of executive committee without meeting

- 7.5.1. A written resolution agreed in writing by a majority of the executive committee members entitled to vote on the resolution is as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at an executive committee meeting that was properly called and held, provided that every executive committee member has been given an opportunity to read and vote on the resolution.

- 7.5.2. Such a resolution may be validly transmitted and agreed in writing electronically.
- 7.5.3. A resolution mentioned in clause 7.5.1 may consist of several documents in like form, each agreed in writing by one or more members of the executive committee.

7.6. Material personal interests

- 7.6.1. The secretary shall cause to be kept and updated from time to time a register of declared personal interests of executive committee members.
- 7.6.2. An executive committee member who has a material personal interest in a matter being considered at an executive committee meeting must:
 - a. as soon as the member becomes aware of the interest, disclose the nature and extent of the interest to the executive committee;
 - b. not be present while the matter is being considered at the executive committee meeting;
 - c. not vote on the matter; and
 - d. disclose the nature and extent of the interest at the next general meeting of the league.
- 7.6.3. The interest must be recorded in the minutes of the executive committee meeting at which the disclosure is made and also in the register of declared interests of executive committee members.
- 7.6.4. Clause 7.6.2 does not apply to a material personal interest:
 - a. that exists only because the member belongs to a class of person for whose benefit the league is established; or
 - b. that the member has in common with all, or a substantial proportion of, the members of the league.
- 7.6.5. Clause 7.6.2 does not apply if the executive committee, other than the members who have a material personal interest in the matter, decide the member who has a material personal interest in the matter may:
 - a. be present while the matter is being considered at the meeting; or
 - b. vote on the matter.
- 7.6.6. If the executive committee decides under clause 7.6.5 that an executive committee member who has a material personal interest in a matter may be present at a meeting while the matter is being considered, or may vote on the matter, the executive committee must ensure that:
 - a. the decision is recorded in the minutes of the executive committee meeting and disclosed at the next general meeting of the league; and
 - b. details of the decision are given to a member of the league, if requested by the member.

8. Meetings of members

8.1. Annual general meetings

- 8.1.1. The league's annual general meeting must be held within six months after the end date of the league's reportable financial year.
- 8.1.2. Subject to the Act, the following business must be conducted at each annual general meeting of the league:
 - a. presentation of a written report of the league's operations throughout the year;
 - b. receiving and adopting the league's financial statement, and audit report, for the last reportable financial year;
 - c. appointing an auditor or an accountant for the present financial year;
 - d. advising members:
 - i of the league's public liability insurance; or
 - ii if the executive committee has decided that there is no need to have public liability insurance, the reasons for this decision and that this decision means the league's assets would be at risk if there were a successful claim against the league.
 - e. electing executive committee members;
 - f. in accordance with clause 7.6, disclosure of the nature and extent of material personal interests of executive committee members, if applicable;
 - g. presentation of the details of any remuneration paid or other benefits given for the financial year to executive committee members and any of their relatives; and to senior employees of the league and any of their relatives, as prescribed by the Act.

8.2. General meetings

- 8.2.1. The secretary must call a general meeting by giving each member of the league written notice of the meeting within 14 days after:
 - a. being directed to call the meeting by the executive committee; or
 - b. being given a written request signed by delegates from at least half of the affiliate members.
- 8.2.2. A request mentioned in clause 8.2.1.b must state any proposed resolution to be considered at the general meeting.
- 8.2.3. A general meeting must be held within 28 days after the secretary is directed or requested to call the meeting as mentioned in clause 8.2.1.
- 8.2.4. Written notice of a general meeting must be provided to each member of the league at least 14 days before the date of the general meeting.
- 8.2.5. A notice of a general meeting must state the business to be conducted at the meeting and must specify the date, time and place for the meeting.

- 8.2.6. If the secretary is unable or unwilling to call a general meeting, the president must call the meeting.
- 8.2.7. If the secretary or president do not within 28 days from the date of receipt of the request mentioned in clause 8.2.1.b duly proceed to call the meeting, the members who made the initial request (or any of them) may themselves call and arrange to hold the meeting.
- 8.2.8. Any meeting called by the members under clause 8.2.7 must be called in the same manner as that in which meetings are called by the executive committee, and must be held not later than three months from the date of receipt of the request mentioned in clause 8.2.1.b.
- 8.2.9. All reasonable expenses of convening and conducting such a meeting shall be borne by the league.

8.3. Quorum for, and adjournment of, general meeting

- 8.3.1. The quorum for any general meeting is affiliate delegates from at least half of the affiliated members.
- 8.3.2. No business may be conducted at a general meeting unless there is a quorum of members.
- 8.3.3. If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called upon the request of members of the league under clause 8.2.1.b, the meeting lapses.
- 8.3.4. If there is no quorum within 30 minutes after the time fixed for a general meeting called other than upon the request of members of the league under clause 8.2.1.b:
 - a. the meeting is to be adjourned for at least seven days; and
 - b. the executive committee is to decide the day, time and place of the adjourned meeting.
- 8.3.5. If at the adjourned meeting under clause 8.3.4 a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the appointed time for the meeting, the members who are present and entitled to vote will be deemed to be the quorum and may transact the business for which the meeting was called.
- 8.3.6. The chairperson may, with the consent of any meeting at which there is a quorum, and must if directed by the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place.
- 8.3.7. No business will be transacted at any adjourned general meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.
- 8.3.8. A resolution passed at any adjourned meeting will for all purposes be treated as having been passed on the date when it was in fact passed and will not be deemed to have been passed on any earlier date.
- 8.3.9. When a meeting is adjourned, a new notice of the adjourned meeting is required only if the meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more.

8.4. Procedure at general meeting

- 8.4.1. An eligible voting member may take part and vote in a general meeting in person, by proxy or by using any technology as approved by the executive committee, that allows members to clearly and simultaneously communicate with each participating member.
- 8.4.2. A member who participates in a meeting as mentioned in clause 8.4.1 is taken to be present at the meeting.
- 8.4.3. At each general meeting:
 - a. the president is to preside as chairperson; or
 - b. the eligible voting affiliate delegates present may choose another person to preside as chairperson; and
 - c. the chairperson must conduct the meeting in a proper and orderly way.
- 8.4.4. The eligible voting affiliate delegates present at a general meeting may appoint, by a majority vote, an individual who is not a member of the league to chair the general meeting.

8.5. Voting at general meeting

- 8.5.1. At a general meeting, each question, matter or resolution, other than a special resolution, must be decided by a majority vote of the eligible voting affiliate delegates who participate in the vote for that question, matter or resolution.
- 8.5.2. At a general meeting, a special resolution must be decided by at least 75% of the eligible voting affiliate delegates present and voting.
- 8.5.3. Each affiliate delegate present and entitled to vote is entitled to one vote only and, if the votes are equal, the question is decided so as to maintain the status quo.
- 8.5.4. An affiliate delegate is not entitled to vote at a general meeting if the delegate or the affiliate member they represent has any registration, affiliation or other fee in arrears at the date of the meeting.
- 8.5.5. A challenge to an affiliate delegate's right to vote at a general meeting:
 - a. may only be made at the meeting; and
 - b. must be determined by the chairperson, whose decision is final.
- 8.5.6. The executive committee shall have authority to determine the method of voting.
- 8.5.7. The method of voting in person at a general meeting is to be decided by the executive committee. However, if at least 20% of the affiliate delegates present demand a secret ballot, voting in person at the general meeting must be by secret ballot.
- 8.5.8. If a secret ballot is held, the chairperson must appoint two members to conduct the secret ballot in the way the chairperson decides.

- 8.5.9. The result of a vote as declared by the chairperson is taken to be a resolution of the meeting at which the vote was held. Neither the chairperson nor the minutes need to state the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour or against.
- 8.5.10. Before any vote is taken the chairperson must inform the meeting whether any proxy votes have been received and the manner in which proxy votes are to be cast.

8.6. Proxies

- 8.6.1. Any affiliate delegate who is entitled to vote at general meetings may appoint another individual, who is also entitled to vote at general meetings, as the affiliate delegate's proxy to attend and vote on behalf of the affiliate delegate at a general meeting.
- 8.6.2. The instrument appointing a proxy is taken to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a secret ballot.
- 8.6.3. Each instrument appointing a proxy must be received by the secretary at least 24 hours before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote.
- 8.6.4. No person may hold more than one proxy at a general meeting.
- 8.6.5. An instrument appointing a proxy must be in writing and be in the following or similar form:

Sunshine Coast Junior Rugby League Inc.:

I, _____ of, _____ being
 a delegate of _____, appoint _____ of _____
 as my proxy to vote for me on my behalf at the general meeting of the league,
 to be held on the _____ day of _____ 20____
 and at any adjournment of the meeting.
 Signed this _____ day of _____ 20____
 Signature _____

- 8.6.6. The instrument appointing a proxy must be signed by the appointor.
- 8.6.7. Unless otherwise instructed by the appointor, the proxy may vote as the proxy considers appropriate.
- 8.6.8. If an affiliate delegate wants a proxy to vote for or against a resolution, the instrument appointing the proxy must be in writing and be in the following or similar form:

Sunshine Coast Junior Rugby League Inc.:

I, _____ of, _____ being
 a delegate of _____, appoint _____ of _____
 _____ as my proxy to vote for me on my behalf at the general meeting of the
 league, to be held on the _____ day of _____ 20____
 and at any adjournment of the meeting.
 Signed this _____ day of _____ 20____
 Signature _____
 This form is to be used *in favour of/*against [*strike out whichever is not
 wanted*] the following resolutions:

[List relevant resolutions]

- 8.6.9. Unless the secretary has received written notice of the matter before the start or resumption of the meeting at which a proxy votes, a vote cast by the proxy will be valid even if, before the proxy votes, the appointing affiliate delegate:
- a. dies; or
 - b. is determined by the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal or the Supreme Court of Queensland to have impaired capacity, as defined by the *Powers of Attorney Act 1998* or the *Guardian and Administration Act 2000*; or
 - c. revokes the proxy's appointment.

8.7. Minutes of general meetings

- 8.7.1. The secretary must ensure full and accurate minutes of all questions, matters, resolutions and other proceedings of each general meeting are entered in a minute book, which may be in electronic format.
- 8.7.2. To ensure the accuracy of the minutes:
- a. the minutes of each annual general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next meeting of the league that is a general meeting or annual general meeting, verifying their accuracy; and
 - b. the minutes of each general meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting, or the chairperson of the next general meeting, verifying their accuracy.
- 8.7.3. If asked by a member of the league, the secretary must, within 28 days after the request is made:
- a. make the minutes for a particular general meeting available for inspection by the member at a mutually agreed time and place; and
 - b. give the member a copy of the minutes of the meeting.
- 8.7.4. The league may require the member to pay the reasonable costs of providing copies of the minutes.

9. Secretary

9.1. Appointment or election of secretary

- 9.1.1. The secretary must be an adult residing in Queensland, or in another state but not more than 65km from the Queensland border, who is:
- a. an eligible member of the league elected as secretary by the affiliate delegates at a general meeting; or
 - b. any of the following people appointed by the executive committee as secretary:
 - i a member of the league's executive committee;

- ii another member of the league;
 - iii another person.
- 9.1.2. If a vacancy occurs in the office of secretary, the members of the executive committee must ensure a secretary is appointed or elected within one month after the vacancy occurs.
- 9.1.3. If the executive committee appoints a person mentioned in clause 9.1.1.b.ii as secretary, other than to fill a casual vacancy on the executive committee, the person does not become an executive committee member and is ineligible to vote at executive committee meetings.
- 9.1.4. However, if the executive committee appoints a person mentioned in clause 9.1.1.b.ii as secretary to fill a casual vacancy on the executive committee, the person becomes an executive committee member and is eligible to vote at executive committee meetings.
- 9.1.5. If the executive committee appoints a person mentioned in clause 9.1.1.b.iii as secretary, the person does not become an executive committee member and is ineligible to vote at executive committee meetings.

9.2. Removal of secretary

- 9.2.1. A secretary who has been appointed by the executive committee may at any time be removed by the executive committee.
- 9.2.2. If the executive committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in clause 9.1.1.b.i, the person remains an executive committee member.
- 9.2.3. If the executive committee removes a secretary who is a person mentioned in clause 9.1.1.b.ii and who has been appointed to a casual vacancy on the executive committee under clause 9.1.4, the person does not remain an executive committee member.

9.3. Functions of secretary

- 9.3.1. The secretary's functions include, without limitation:
 - a. calling meetings of the league, including preparing notices of a meeting and of the business to be conducted at the meeting in consultation with the president of the league; and
 - b. keeping minutes of each meeting; and
 - c. keeping copies of all correspondence and other documents relating to the league; and
 - d. maintaining the register of members of the league.

10. Finance

10.1. Funds and accounts

- 10.1.1. The funds of the league must be kept in one or more accounts in the name of the league and in a financial institution decided by the executive committee.
- 10.1.2. Records and accounts must be kept in the English language showing full and accurate particulars of the financial affairs of the league.
- 10.1.3. All amounts must be deposited in a financial institution account as soon as practicable after receipt.
- 10.1.4. A payment by the league of \$100 or more must be made by cheque or electronic funds transfer, which may include a credit or debit card payment.
- 10.1.5. Any cheque or electronic funds transfer must be signed or approved by any two of the following:
 - a. the president;
 - b. the secretary;
 - c. the treasurer;
 - d. any other person who has been authorised by the executive committee to sign cheques issued or approve electronic funds transfers by the league.
- 10.1.6. Cheques, other than cheques for wages, allowances or petty cash recoupment, must be crossed "not negotiable".
- 10.1.7. A petty cash account and credit or debit card accounts may be kept on the imprest system, and the executive committee must decide the amount of funds to be kept in any such accounts.
- 10.1.8. Any credit or debit card mentioned in clause 10.1.7 may be used only for purchases and may not be used for cash withdrawals.
- 10.1.9. All expenditure must be approved or ratified at an executive committee meeting.

10.2. Annual financial statement

- 10.2.1. On behalf of the executive committee, the treasurer must, as soon as practicable after the end date of each financial year, ensure a financial statement for its last reportable financial year is prepared.
- 10.2.2. The executive committee must ensure that the league's financial statement is audited by an auditor or an accountant and presented to the annual general meeting for adoption.

10.3. General financial matters

- 10.3.1. The income and property of the league must be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects of the league as set out in this constitution and no portion thereof is to be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise by way of profit to or among the members of the league, provided that nothing herein prevents the payment in good faith of:
- a. remuneration of any person in return for services actually rendered to the league; or
 - b. repayment for out-of-pocket expenses incurred on behalf of the league; or
 - c. payment for sale or hire of goods or payment of rent for premises let to the league; or
 - d. interest to any member in respect of money advanced by that member to the league or otherwise owing by the league to the member, provided that the rate of interest is not more than the current rate being charged for overdrawn accounts on money lent (regardless of the term of the loan) by:
 - i the financial institution of the league; or
 - ii if there is more than one financial institution of the league, the financial institution nominated by the executive committee.
- 10.3.2. The league precludes the payment to an officer or employee of the league of an amount by way of commission or allowance calculated by reference to the quantity of liquor sold or supplied by the league or the receipts of the league for such liquor.

10.4. Financial year

- 10.4.1. The league's financial year will end on 30 September each year.

11. Documents and legal

11.1. Documents

- 11.1.1. The executive committee must ensure the safe custody of books, documents, instruments of title and securities of the league.

11.2. Notices

- 11.2.1. A written notice may be given by the league to any member either personally, electronically or by sending it by post to the member's last address notified in writing to the league.
- 11.2.2. Any notice period referred to in this constitution shall include the day on which a notice is given.

11.2.3. Where a notice is sent by post:

- a. service of the notice is effected by properly addressing, pre-paying and posting a letter or packet containing the notice; and
- b. unless the contrary is proved, service will be taken to have been effected at the time at which the letter or packet would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

11.3. Common seal and execution of documents

11.3.1. Subject to the Act, the league may have a common seal.

11.3.2. If the league has a common seal, the seal must be:

- a. kept securely by the executive committee; and
- b. used only under the authority of the executive committee.

11.3.3. Each instrument to which the seal is attached must be signed by an executive committee member and countersigned by:

- a. the secretary;
- b. another executive committee member; or
- c. someone authorised by the executive committee.

11.3.4. If the league executes a document without using a common seal, the document must be signed by an executive committee member and countersigned by:

- a. the secretary;
- b. another executive committee member; or
- c. someone authorised by the executive committee.

11.4. Alteration of constitution

11.4.1. Subject to the Act, this constitution may be amended, repealed or added to by a special resolution carried at a general meeting.

11.4.2. However, an amendment, repeal or addition is valid only if it is registered by the chief executive of the relevant government department from time to time having responsibility for supervision of the provisions of the Act.

11.5. Bylaws

11.5.1. The executive committee may make, amend or repeal bylaws, consistent with this constitution, for the internal management of the league.

11.5.2. A bylaw may be set aside by a majority vote of affiliate delegates at a general meeting of the league.

11.6. Indemnity

- 11.6.1. The league shall indemnify its secretary, executive committee members, employees and members against all damages and losses (including legal costs) for which any such person may become liable to any third party in consequence of any act or omission done in good faith for the purpose of exercising the league's functions under the Act.
- 11.6.2. Indemnity under clause 11.6.1 shall not apply to any loss or damage resulting from the wilful misconduct of the person.

11.7. Insurance

- 11.7.1. The league may pay, whether directly or through an interposed entity, a premium for a contract insuring a secretary, executive committee member or employee against liability that the person incurs as an officer of the league including a liability for legal costs.

12. Winding up

12.1. Distribution of surplus assets

- 12.1.1. This clause applies if the league:
- a. is wound-up under part 10 of the Act; and
 - b. has surplus assets.
- 12.1.2. The surplus assets must not be distributed among the members of the league.
- 12.1.3. The surplus assets must be given to one or more other entities:
- a. having objects similar to the league's objects; and
 - b. the rules of which prohibit the distribution of the entity's income and assets to its members.

12.2. Liability

- 12.2.1. A secretary, executive committee member, employee or member of the league is not personally liable to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the league or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the league, beyond:
- a. the property of the league in the person's possession; and
 - b. the amount, if any, unpaid by the person in respect of membership of the league.